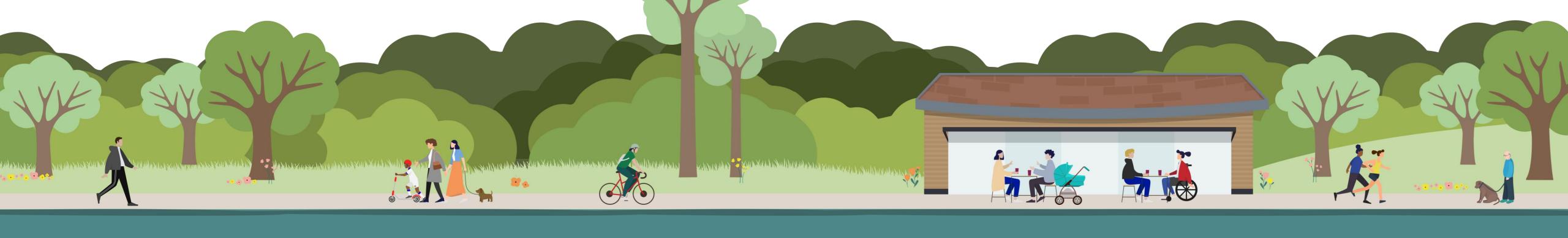
# Involving local people in the work of the Cancer Population Board

#### Thursday 30 March 2023







Recording

We are recording this session so that we can share the discussion with people who can't attend today's workshop.

Please feel free to switch off your camera if you don't want to be included on the recording.

It will be available on the Cancer Population Board page of the Leeds Health and Care Partnership website shortly.







### Welcome and introductions

**Steve Bradley** GP, Researcher and Chair of the Cancer Population Board

#### **Tom Daniels**

Pathway Integration Leader (Cancer and Diagnostics) NHS Integrated Care Board in Leeds

#### **Ross Lavery**

Citizen / patient representative on the Cancer Population Board

#### **Caroline Mackav**

**Community Relations and Involvement Manager** NHS Integrated Care Board in Leeds















## Aim and Outcomes of the workshop

the work of the cancer population board

**Outcomes** – by the end of the workshop you will have:

- Had an introduction to the cancer population board
- Had an introduction to Population Health
- Had a chance to discuss the findings of the cancer insight report
- Had a chance to discuss gaps in our findings so far
- Had a chance to discuss the draft goals / outcomes for the cancer board
- Had a chance to discuss public representation and assurance on the board





- **Aim:** To share and sense-check our plans for involving local people in



- **Population Health** Population Health as an approach and an introduction 1. to the cancer population board
- **Experiences of cancer** What do we already know about local people's 2. experiences of cancer care, including families and carers?
- **Population outcomes** How do we want care to be different for people with 3. cancer, and their families and carers?
- **Public representation and assurance** What does public representation 4. look like on the board and how can we be assured that it's working?
- **Next steps** What happens next? 5.





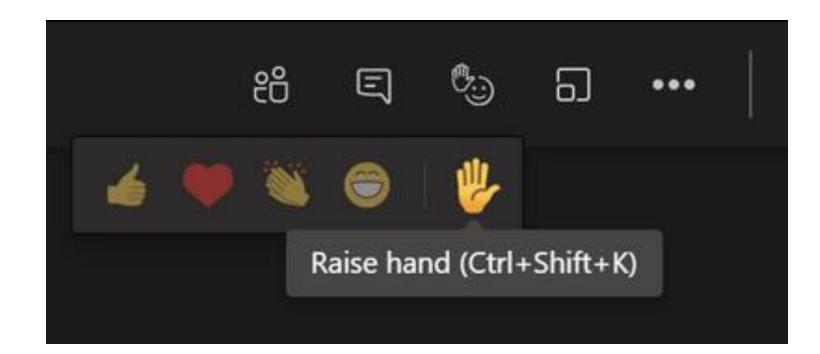
### **Ground rules**

- Stick to the agenda
- Stay on mute unless you're speaking
- Make space for everyone to speak
- comments
- Respect confidentiality
- Enjoy the session!





#### Have your say – use the hand signal or chat box to ask questions or share

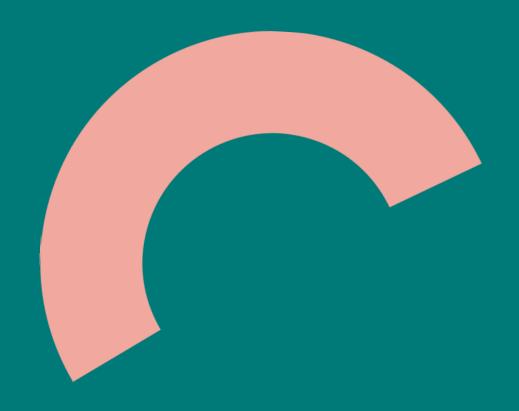


## The Population Health Approach

## **Steve Bradley**











## **Population health**

Traditional approach - 'commissioning', 'pathways' & organisations

**PH approach** – focus on peoples' needs & improving lives

#### Includes:

- Prevention helping people stay healthy Outcomes – the differences services & support can make
- Reducing health inequalities
- Partnership working
- The 'wider determinants of health'

Google: Kings' Fund, What is a population health approach?



## **Population health (2)**

#### Population Boards





## **Population health (3)**

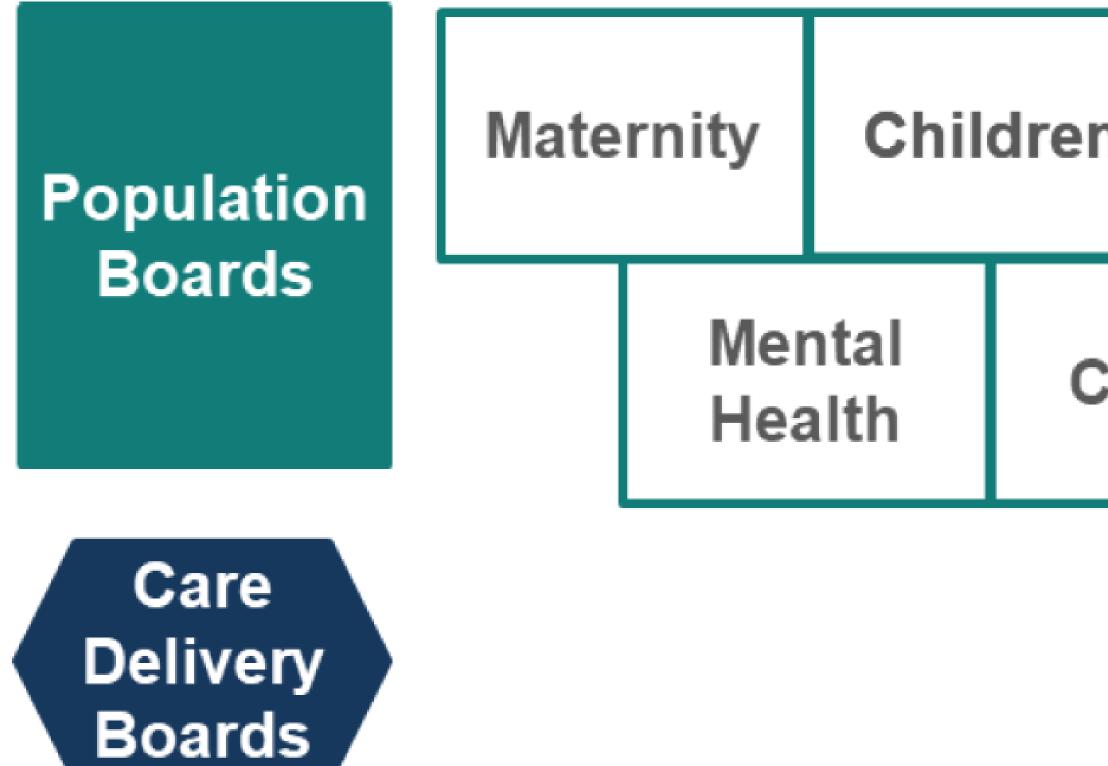
#### Population Boards







## **Population health (4)**

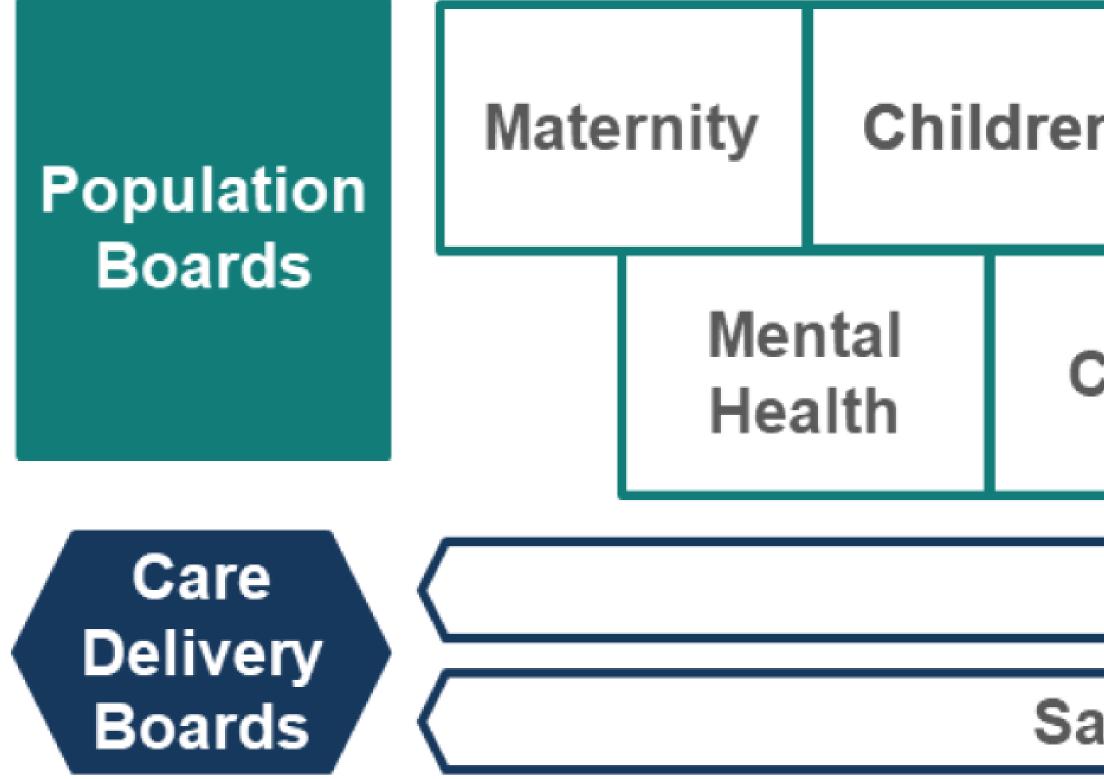




n				Term itions		
Cancer		Frailty		End of Life		



## **Population health (5)**





n		-		ong Term		PWLD and Neuro- diversity	
Cancer		Frailty		End of Life			

Planned Care	P	lan	ned	Ca	re
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Same Day Response



## Getting boards "just right"

#### Broad enough (to represent all partners)

Senior enough (to take critical decisions)

Small enough (to make these decisions)

Arthur Rackham, from English Fairy Tales by Flora Annie Steel, 1918 (Project Gutenberg)



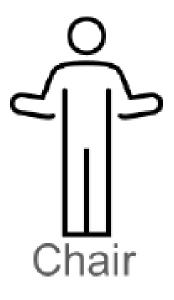








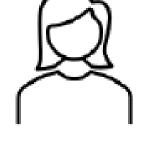








Practice



Third sector



Karen Henry, LTHT

**Fiona Stephenson, WY &** Harrogate Cancer Alliance





Mitul Patel, GP

**Stacey Taylor, Leeds office** of WY ICB





**Peter Lodge, LTHT** 





Tom Daniels, Leeds office of WY ICB

**Ross Lavery, patient** representative (expert by experience)



#### Profiles

**Carl Mackie -** Representative for Leeds City Council, Public Health More about me: I have worked in Public Health in a variety of different roles and agendas for the last 19 years and I have been working in the Leeds system as Head of Public Health for Long term conditions and Cancer since 2020. My passion and interest is in influencing the wider determinants of health to improve health outcomes and reduce inequalities.

**Stacey Taylor** - Project Advisor in the Programme, Improvement and Integration (PII) Business Unit. Representative of the Leeds Office of the ICB More about me:

I have worked in the health and care system for over 20 years, working in housing associations, local authority, charities, and the 3rd sector.

I started working in the NHS in early 2022 within the PII business unit and my role is to bring partners and stakeholders together to work collaboratively in planning and delivering services to improve health outcomes for the people of Leeds.

Cancer is a new area that I have limited experience working in, having been affected by cancer I am really interested in early screening initiatives and diagnosis. I feel passionate about digital inclusion and peer support groups and services, having previously worked as a peer support coordinator for people living with a long-term condition, I'd be interested in getting involved in any cancer peer support plans.



## Profiles (2)

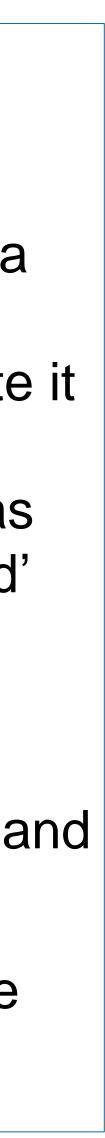
My name is **Ross Lavery**. I am a 33 year old from Leeds. My connection to this board is: I was diagnosed with Bowel Cancer after being rushed to hospital with a severe bowel blockage. I was told I had a few hours left to live unless I had immediate emergency surgery to remove my large intestine. I went to my GP multiple times over more than a year with severe digestive issues and was actively dismissed on each occasion. Despite saying I wanted to be tested for cancer I was denied, being told that the chances of cancer were so remote it wasn't worth bothering and perhaps I should consider if I was a hypochondriac. After having 2 emergency, life saving surgeries I was left with a stoma and had to start chemotherapy as soon as possible (before I had a chance to adequately recover). 11 months later I had my stoma 'reversed' and I have been on the path to recovery since.

Main areas of interest:

• First point of contact – the patient-doctor relationship – building trust e.g. Better Conversations and the three C's – Communication, Compassion and Coordination

 Moving on from treatment – recovery – ongoing support – hidden disability: 'how do I get my life back on the other side?'





## What kinds of decisions do we make?

- people
- How to work with other boards (managing overlap)
- Discussing & supporting new initiatives
- What can be done to address health inequalities





#### How to bring different bits of the system together to get the best for

## **Examples of things we've discussed**

- Results from patient experience survey
- New ways to speed up diagnosis for possible prostate cancer
- Trying to help find a way for an existing service to continue
- An open access 'chest x-ray service' for people with symptoms
- A service for some older people to tailor the right tests for suspected cancer
- Better information for people with learning disability to help them take part in bowel screening





#### Experiences of cancer treatment and care -

## Using local people's experiences of cancer can help shape and improve cancer care in the future

**Caroline Mackay** 









### **Experiences of cancer treatment and care**

base of the needs and preferences of this population, to help make more informed decisions about their treatment and care.

The Leeds cancer insight report:

- Outlines what we already know about people's needs, preferences and experiences of cancer treatment and care in Leeds
- Identifies key themes and highlights what matters most to people, their families and carers
- Highlights gaps in our knowledge or understanding



The board is working with citywide partners to establish a developing evidence



#### **Experiences of cancer treatment and care (2)**

The insight report highlights some key themes (1 of 2):

**Information** – the need for timely and accessible information at all stages of  $\bullet$ people's journeys through cancer treatment and care is a recurring theme in much of the insight.

It is also highlighted as being important in raising awareness, particularly in early as they could.

**Communication** – as above, ongoing communication is mentioned as essential to keep people informed about their diagnosis, waiting times, treatment options and also, beyond treatment including in relation to options for peer and ongoing support.



some of Leeds' diverse communities where a lack of understanding about signs and symptoms of different types of cancer may mean people do not present as

The insight report highlights some key themes (2 of 2):

- **Health inequality** feedback from focus groups with members of diverse communities highlights the need to take into account multi-cultural beliefs about, and approaches to, cancer alongside the need to ensure information and communications are available in a range of formats and languages.
- **Person-centred** the value of connecting with and hearing from others is lacksquareemphasised, in the form of stories from other members of people's own community and also as a means of direct support through, for example, peer support groups, especially once discharged from treatment.



#### Gaps in what we know

where we may need to do further work to learn more.

One gap we are aware of, is a lack of feedback from staff delivering and supporting cancer treatment and care.



- In relation to gaps in our knowledge or understanding, this workshop is part of our work to learn from those with experience of cancer care or treatment about

#### **Discussion space**

- Do you agree with the main themes highlighted so far (information, communication, health inequality and person-centred care and support)? What matters most to people?
- What about gaps... where else should we be looking for insight, or who else should we be hearing from?







# **Population outcome measures –** How will the board know it's making progress with its goals and ambitions? **Tom Daniels**







## **Population health – Cancer in Leeds**

Cancer is the leading cause of death in the UK for males and females aged one and older. Cancer accounted for 28% of all deaths in the UK in 2019.

Every year in Leeds over 45,000 urgent suspected cancer referrals are made by Leeds GPs, with around 4,500 diagnoses of cancer. The most common cancers diagnosed in Leeds are lung, breast colorectal and prostate.

There are over 27,000 people in Leeds living with an active cancer diagnosis, and each year the health service spends just under £100m providing care for this population group.

The Cancer Population Board brings together partners from across the city to improve care, design more joined-up and sustainable cancer services and support, and make better use of public resources.

Webpage: https://www.healthandcareleeds.org/have-your-say/shape-the-future/populations/cancer/













#### **Population outcome measures**

- Over the past year we have been working with our partners to agree a set of outcomes (or ambitions) for our cancer work in Leeds.
- These outcomes explain what we as a board, and as a health and care partnership, want to achieve to improve the experiences of people receiving cancer treatment and care, and their families and carers.
- The outcomes have been developed with healthcare service providers and voluntary sector organisations that work alongside people using cancer services and support.
- The outcomes were shaped used patient, carer, family and staff feedback from various surveys and involvement activities.





#### **Population outcome measures (2)**

- The outcomes for the board's cancer work in Leeds are:
  - More cancers will be prevented.
  - People with cancer in Leeds will be diagnosed earlier.
  - People will receive safe and effective cancer treatment.
  - People with cancer will receive person-centred care.





## **Population outcome measures (3)**

#### We will use a range of measures to demonstrate our progress against these measures and to identify priorities. These include: **Prevention**

- % of people diagnosed with all cancers by age ullet
- % of people in Leeds who are smokers  $\bullet$
- % of people who with Body Mass Index (BMI) over 25  $\bullet$

#### **Early Diagnosis**

- % of people with cancer who are diagnosed at an early stage (stage one or two) •
- % diagnosed via 2ww referral vs proportion diagnosed via emergency presentation

#### Treatment

• % of people each year who survive their cancer for five years or more

#### **Patient Centred Care**

- Cancer Quality of Life Survey Results
- Good quality of care reported in National Cancer Patient Experience Survey feedback
- % of patients with completed cancer care reviews and end of treatment summaries





### **Population outcome measures (4)**

#### **Discussion space**

- Do these outcomes make sense to you?
- More cancers will be prevented.
- People with cancer in Leeds will be diagnosed earlier.
- People will receive safe and effective cancer treatment.
- People with cancer will receive person-centred care.
- Do they reflect what matters to you / your family / the people you represent?









## **Public representation and assurance**

Making sure local people and their experiences of cancer treatment and care are at the heart of the board's work

**Caroline Mackay** 









plans and decisions we make about delivering healthcare in Leeds.

heart of our decision-making, and that people feel that their voices and experiences are being properly represented.

support.

We call this providing 'public assurance'.



- As an organisation, we have a legal and a moral duty to involve people in the
- It's important that patients, carers and the wider public are aware, and assured, that we are working to ensure that people's voices and experiences are at the
- We need to be able to show that this is happening so that people can be assured that their input and feedback is helping shape and improve local services and



## **Public representation and assurance (2)**

For people to feel assured we need to demonstrate we are:

We have listened and understood Listened people's needs by using existing insight or carrying out involvement activities.

Acted We have acting on feedback and used it to shape local services and plans.

We have fed back to people and proactively told people how we have Fed **back** used their feedback.



## **Transparent &** accountable



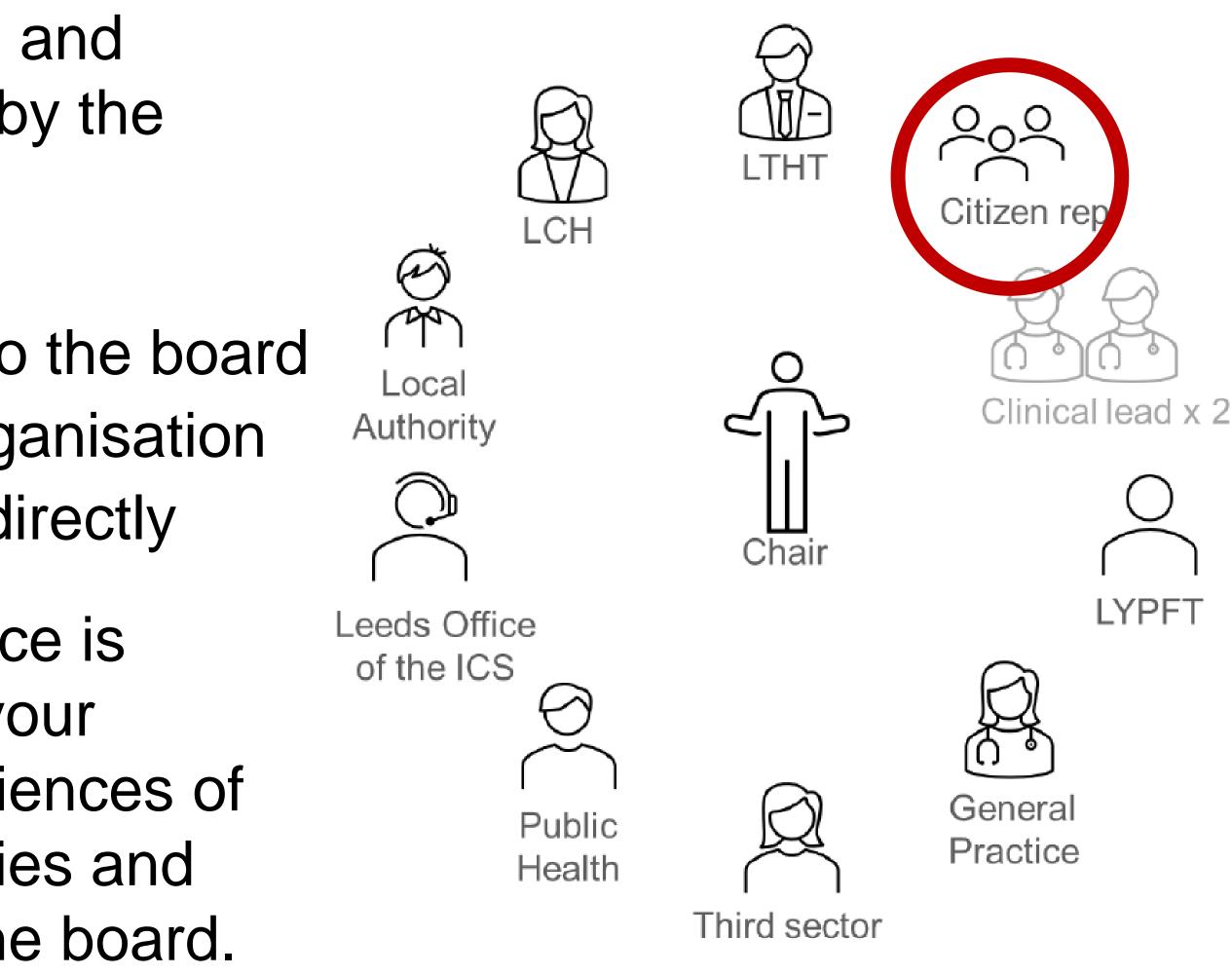
## Public representation and assurance (3)

There are various ways people's voice and experience can be taken into account by the board:

- By an individual
- By a sub-group which runs parallel to the board
- By links with an existing group or organisation
- By increasing feedback to services directly

Our work to strengthen public assurance is ongoing – today we are keen to hear your thoughts on how the voices and experiences of people living with frailty and their families and carers would be best represented at the board.





## **Public representation and assurance (4)**

#### **Discussion space**

- What would good public representation look like for you?
- What would make you feel confident that we are listening, acting and feeding back?





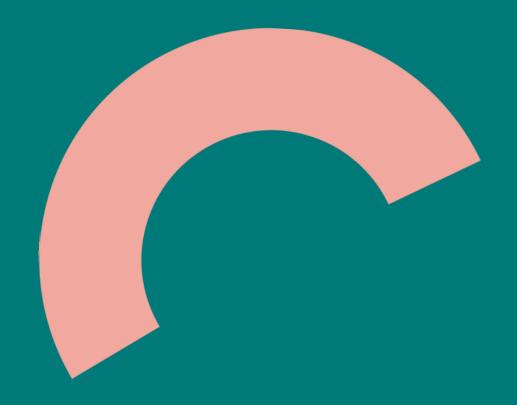


# Citizen / patient representation on the cancer board

## **Ross Lavery**











## Introduction and links

#### Introduction to Ross – age 33, from Leeds - bowel cancer

- Getting a diagnosis
- Emergency presentation
- Treatment
- Recovery

#### Links with:

West Yorkshire and Harrogate Cancer Alliance

Yorkshire Cancer Community

Some connections to Macmillan and Maggie's





## My experience on the cancer board

Invited to attend my first board meeting on 26th May 2022.

#### Role Outline

and passionate cancer patients and advocates.

as well as maintain the areas of success.

panel members and the stories I have heard from patients along my own journey.





- Due to my experience with the Cancer Alliance, I keep regular contact with many active
- I have spent a great deal of my volunteered time listening to their stories and sharing experiences, all of who are passionate about continuing to improve care for future patients
- As a result we all share that common drive for meaning and this community has had a larger positive impact through giving up their valuable time than they probably realise.
- They are a valuable resource I hope is picked up on and used more widely in the future.
- I am hopefully in a strong position as a result to share those perspectives of my fellow

## My experience on the cancer board (2)

#### What's Working Well?

The speed and pace of actions and decisions is very reassuring. When working in this sort of group it can often feel like we are spinning wheels and not actually seeing any progress or change. It can sometimes feel like we are not reaching the 'right ears'. This group of front line professionals and its continued progress in this board will be of genuine interest to my contacts.

#### What needs a bit more work?

Acronyms / insider terminology. Not just the medical jargon but also the NHS admin language that has developed within the organisation. I appreciate however that part of that learning is mine to do as well.



#### Any final thoughts or questions?





#### Next steps

- We plan to add a copy of this recording to the cancer webpage: <u>https://www.healthandcareleeds.org/have-your-say/shape-the-future/populations/cancer/</u>
- We will send out the slides and an evaluation survey of this workshop
- We'll use today's feedback to update the insight report where appropriate
- We'll use today's feedback to help develop our approach to representation
- We'll begin looking at the gaps in our knowledge and think about involving people to help us learn more. Please send any additional insight or comments to <u>caroline.mackay2@nhs.net</u>
- We'll organise a follow-up public involvement meeting to talk more about public representation and assurance.



# Thank you for your time and your contribution – it's very much appreciated!



